





Hamburg Partner Meeting June 2013

Pilot Reporting







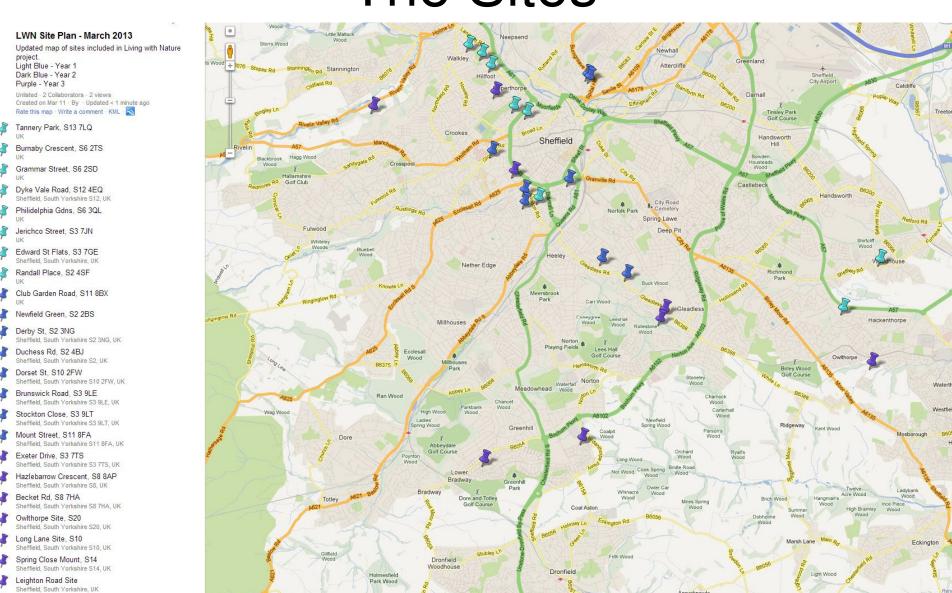
February 2013 – June 2013

Pilot: Living with Nature The project aims to:

Reverse the social vacancy of play spaces in Sheffield, South Yorkshire, UK by:

- 1. Re-engaging communities with under-utilised spaces through positive activities and consultation.
- 2. Improve play provision on eight sites through re-design and delivery of improvements.
- 3. Enhance the natural environment of spaces to benefit people and wildlife.
- 4. Promote long-term community ownership of spaces.

The Sites



Holmesfield

Addy St, S6

Sheffield, South Yorkshire S6, UK

'Before' Photos

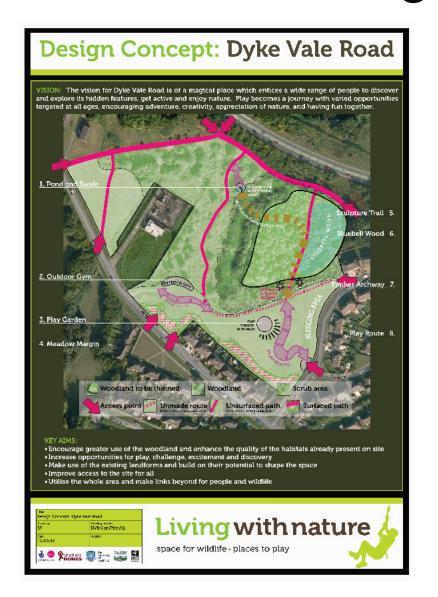






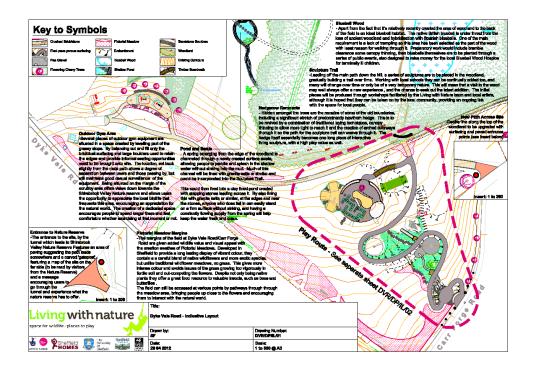


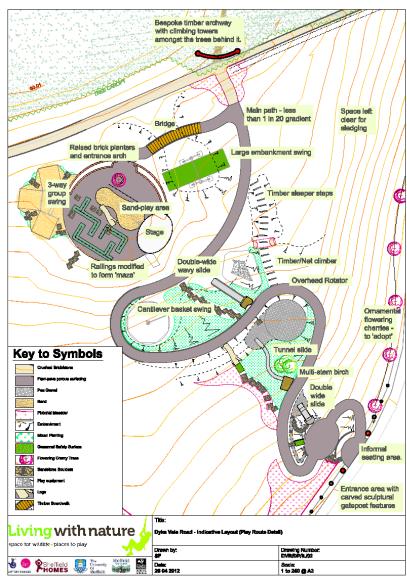
Design Work



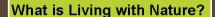
Supporting Images: Dyke Vale Road The small spring which surfaces near the edge of the woodland in wet weather could be enhanced and turned into a feature to be discovered. Creating an open channel with shallow 'scrapes' in the land along its course will not only provide habitat opportunities, but also improve the visual amenity and provide a theme for sculptures etc. A shallow, firm base in the areas where any open water is likely to be accessed improves safety and avoids deep boggy mud which can be a hazard. In dry weather much of the channel will dry up, exposing the granite setts beneath. Deeper hollows should still provide wet areas for wildlife in most summers. By including features such as stepping stones and boardwalks, allow safe access and provide excitement to the journey through the area. 1. Pond and Swale As well as providing a popular fitness opportunity, the outdoor gym area is an inviting environment. The position at the edge of the open space avoids too much exposure whilst providing a safe and accessible spot, in view of the road and linked to the rest of the facilities. By ensuring that it sits within a defined space and including seating opportunities and good access, people are encouraged to use it. Crouping pieces together allow them to be used in a social way — users can chat to each other, or be accompanied by other people. Setting the equipment back from the main path not only avoids disturbance by people passing by, but also maintains a distinct, open thoroughfare whilst the equipment is in use. The garden maze area is a special sheltered sun-trap in the centre of the site. It seeks to capture the magic of a secret garden for youngsters to explore whilst providing a tranquil haven for adults too. Tunnels, arches and doorways can be explored by little ones, who can also enjoy discovering through their senses - experiencing the textures of sand and 3. Play Garden The space is also very practical. The micro-climate created by the location and curved wall will be utilised for food-growing. Community involvement will be encouraged with schools benefitting from the facility. A staged area develops this theme – providing an outdoor classroom or a focus for community events. The property boundaries along Dyke Vale Road itself are afforded a degree of separation from the main activity areas by a buffer zone of meadow 4. Meadow Margin planting. Special seed mixes, developed in Sheffield, offer a very long flowering period and intense, vibrant displays of colour. They use a mixture of native and non-native perrenial flowers, sowed without the addition of grasses. The flowers still offer a valuable source of nectar for a wide range of important pollinating insects and bring colour and beauty to the areas in In some areas these special mixes are used as an edge treatment, with native wildflower mixes sown in the area behind, offering a balance of habitat types to benefit a wide range of species. Living with nature space for wildlife - places to play

Design Work cont.





Leaflet



A three year Big Lottery funded programme run by The Wildlife Trust for Sheffield and Rotherham

Improvements to neighbourhood green spaces





Outdoor play opportunities for local children

An opportunity for local groups to

Spaces for wildlife to flourish





- Organize events Hold activities
- Make decisions about their green space



Physical benefits:

and wellbeing

- A healthy heart
- Strong muscles and bones
- Better coordination & balance

Why is play important?

Play is an essential part of childhood development

Combating obesity

Social benefits:

- · Developing social skills
- Assessing risks & challenges
- Learning boundaries
- Having fun



Nature in the city

Urban green spaces offer valuable opportunities for people to:

- Relax/exercise
- Walk the dog
- Meet other people





Green spaces provide an opportunity for people to connect with nature

Combining play and nature

Making engaging, fun and flexible play spaces for everyone to enjoy in a more natural setting

Quality green spaces provide a stimulating sensory play experience





Children are encouraged to use their imagination and creativity

More attractive green spaces can be enjoyed by the whole community



protect local wildlife for the future

Get involved

The Living with nature project will give you opportunities to get involved in activities and events on your sites



You can help with the development of each play and green space

Community fun days, fairs & picnics























Process







Aim: Final consultation/design and some small scale place-making (implementation).

Goals:

- 1. Present final designs to communities and
- 2. Get land managers to sign-off on designs Both of these aims have been largely fulfilled with 8 designs having been produced.







Timeline:

Feb 2013

March 2013

8 designs finalised

May 2013

Sign off of first 3 delivery sites

June 2013







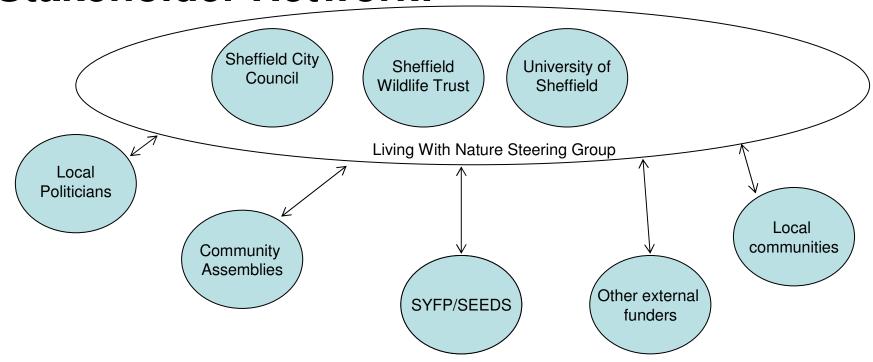
People and Partnerships







Stakeholder Network:









Engagement:

We have engaged the community and other stakeholders in many different ways:

- Attending Tenants and Residents Association (TARAs) meetings
- Meetings with other stakeholders
- Organising open/fun days
- Organising community work days
- Other site based activities e.g. sand play day
- Supporting the creation and development of 'Friends of ...' groups for some sites.
- Building fundraising capacity into community groups.
- Attendance at the SEEDS 'People and Partnerships' session in April

There has been a change with our project; the land managers of the spaces, Sheffield Homes, have been absorbed back into Sheffield City Council. We do not envisage this to have a major impact on the project.







Paradigms and Policy







Policy:

The project fits well with Sheffield's Play Strategy. However we would hope through this programme to change the way the local authority thinks about play areas i.e. thinking more about play within the landscape rather than always a 'designated area'. We will continue to push this approach into the next reporting period and beyond. Sheffield City Council are beginning to think along these lines by naturalising some areas of parks and green spaces.







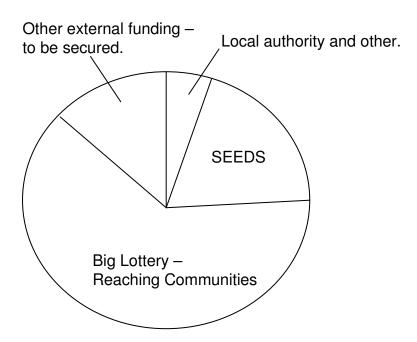
Finance







Finance:



Fundraising is going to plan although considerable amounts of capital funding are still needed to deliver the schemes we'd like.







Finance:

Public sector finances are poor – this makes delivering capital improvements difficult. On the positive side financial difficulties are forcing SCC to think about things differently, with partners coming together more to make the best use of dwindling resources.

The wider economy is poor with less development going on around project sites; this makes general uplift of areas more difficult.







Practice







Practice:

On-the-ground progress:

Some quick win things such as using trees that had been thinned out as play features, planting cherry trees and bulb planting, see below:







Pilot development: Eight designs have been produced by a Landscape Architect following community consultation and ongoing engagement.

Future plans: Sheffield City Council will take on maintenance of sites on completion but we are supporting communities to take ownership of sites as well.







Practice:

Lessons:

The programme appears to be changing people's values, attitudes, behaviours (in a positive way) and increasing their capacity to do things as well as actually changing spaces – we suspect the former will actually be the more important even though the latter will be more visible.







Communication







What steps have you taken to publicise your pilot?

Publicity has included local newspapers, community meetings, site-based events, school assemblies/sessions, SWT website, flyers, posters, flag banners, 'pull up' display, leaflet and presence at various workshops.

Has your project encouraged a general discussion among colleagues, or the public? Has it activated a public debate in the media or discussion fora? What was the content? Natural play in a landscape context has definitely got a higher profile in Sheffield now due to LwN.







How have you involved your SEEDS partners? What support, help or information do you need from your SEEDS partners?

I'd welcome information from partners on work they are doing around public open space and community engagement and would gladly do likewise.







Lessons Learnt:

Investing considerable time and resource into community engagement is beginning to pay dividends with communities forming constituted 'Friends of' groups, with their capacity to run their own activities, manage spaces and raise funds increasing considerably.

Evaluation:

Evaluation of the project has been ongoing since the start of the project. Evaluating how both the site and communities change over time is also planned for the next reporting period and beyond.







The Next Claim







What Happens Next:

More fundraising activity, detailed design and specification work and the preparation of tender documents.

Construction will commence on one or two sites.