



European Union

Farmers as water managers under changing climatic conditions

With the aim to reach Good Ecological Status under maintained farming conditions and production

County of Östfold





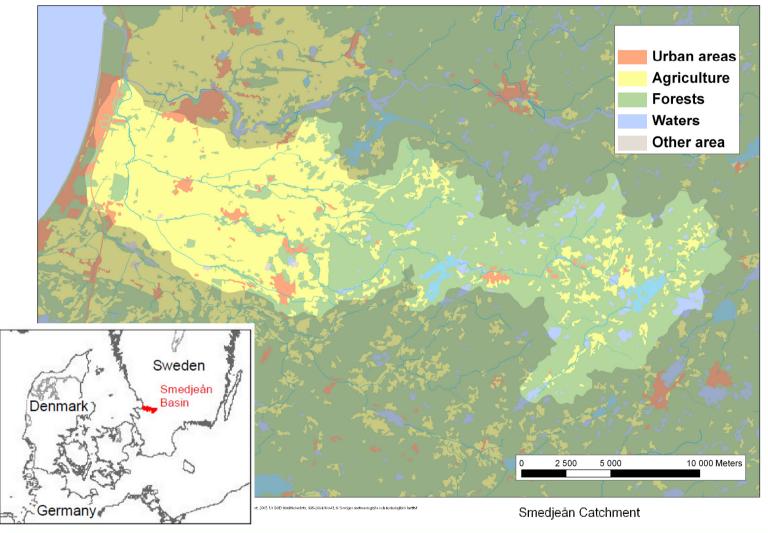
- •General regulations and voluntary support schemes are not sufficient to mitigate phosphorus losses

 Because: Phosphorus losses from arable land in Sweden can vary from 0,02 -2 kg·ha⁻¹·yr⁻¹
- A measure program must be locally adapted to be costeffective
- A water management plan on farm level is needed



River Smedjeån – pilot catchment





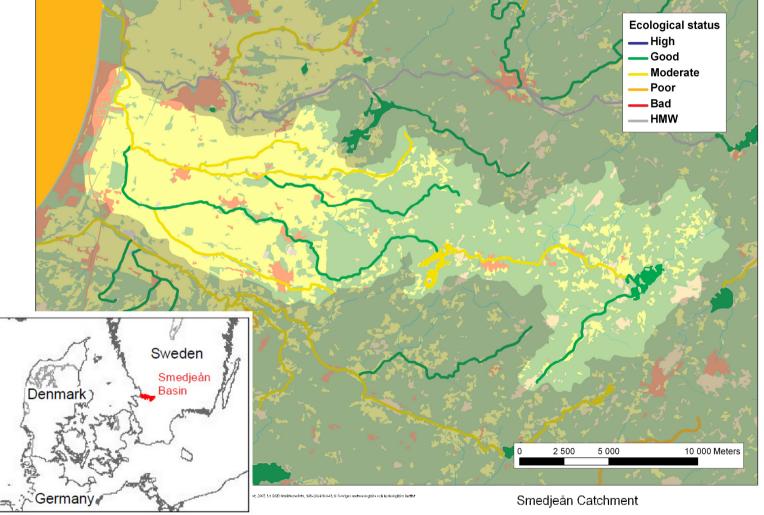




River Smedjeån catchment





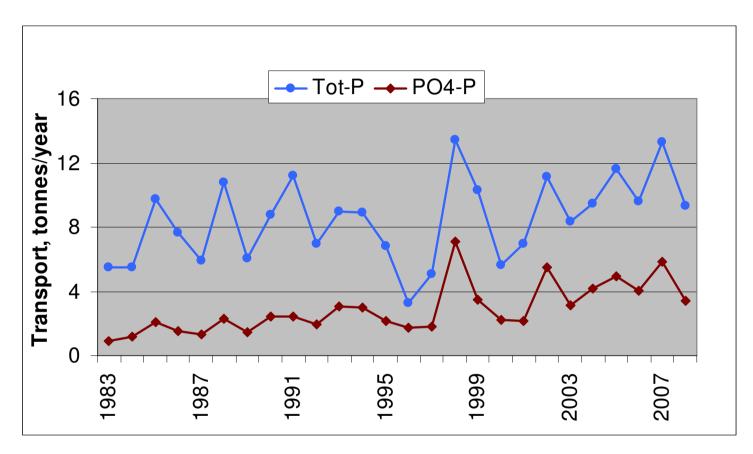






Transport of P in River Smedjeån





Net-anthropogenic P-load: 2550 kg/year (60% from agriculture)

www.smed.se

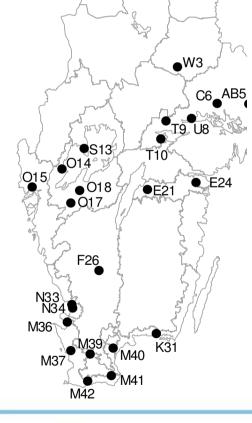








Variation in transports of P from different agricultural soil types in Sweden (10-year means)





(The Swedish Environmental Monitoring programme)







These natural and man made conditions lead us to the following strategy:

- Adaptation of agricultural practices in a tight cooperation with the farmers
- Focus on P-losses from erosion sensitive areas
- Increase of the P-retention capacity in soils and through constructed wetlands
- Combat flooding of arable land by increased storage capacity in the upland and by reserving areas for controlled flooding



Swedish policy instruments



The Ordinance on environmental concern in agriculture and the Swedish Regulation on Environmental Considerations in Agriculture

gives the obligations for all farmers.

Swedish financial support schemes and subsidies to mitigate phosphorus losses

- Perennial ley farming
- Construction of wetlands and ponds
- Catch crops
- Buffer zones



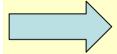
Water management plans on individual farm level



Present conditions:

High animal density has increased the light soluble phosphorus concentration of the soils

As a mean value the phosphorus application exceeds the official recommendations by 11 kg P per ha and year



Decrease of P-fertilization is needed

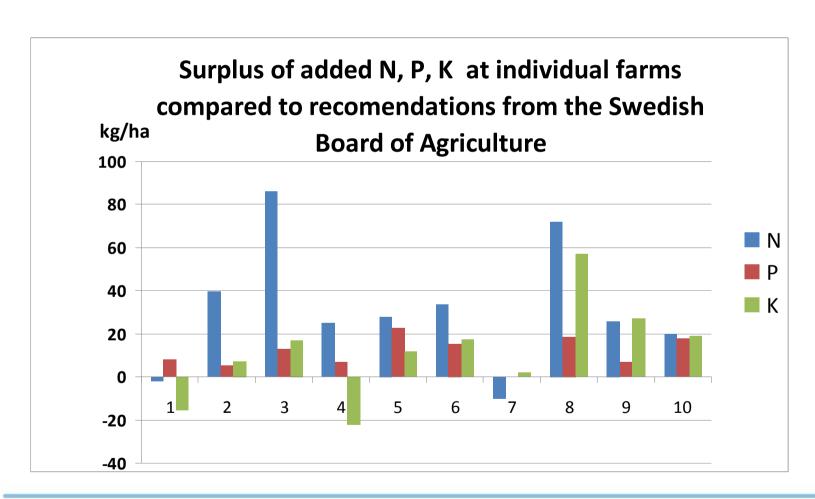




Water management plans on individual farm level

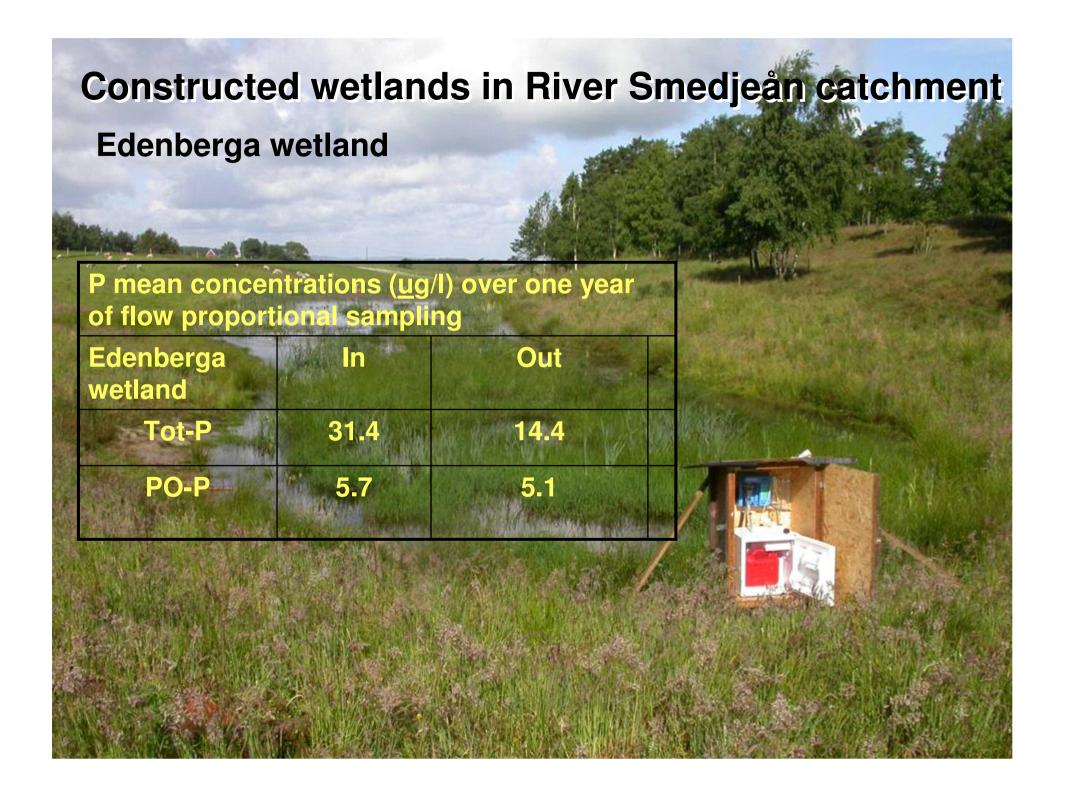


Present conditions:

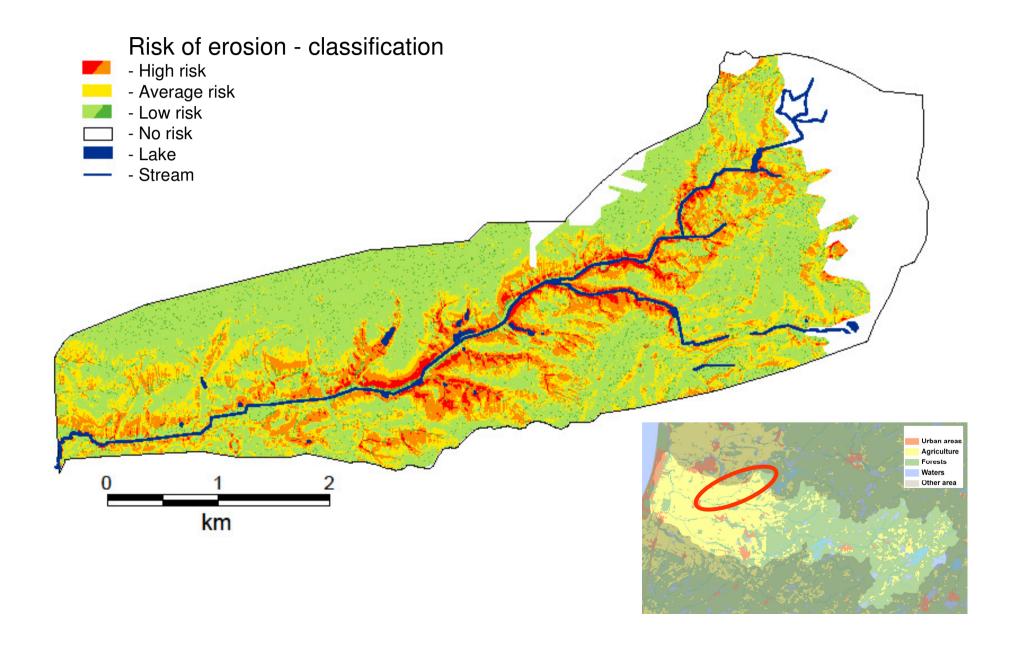














Tuning at the individual farm of agricultural practices, wetlands buffer zones

Water management plan on farm level that improves water quality through land management and at the same time optimizing production

Acknowlegments to: Gert Erlandsson, Peter Feuerbach, Anna Hansson, Annika Henriksson, Torsten Kindt, Johan Kling, John Strand, Erika Tollebäck, Katarina Vartia and Stefan Weisner.





Water management plans on farm level with a cost effective combination of measures including

- tuning of agricultural practices
- catch/cover crops during winter season
- construction of wetlands
- buffer zones



